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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/702,189	11/05/2003	William G. Dennis	MPD-002.01	7534	
	25181 7590 07/29/2009 FOLEY HOAG, LLP			EXAMINER	
PATENT GROUP, WORLD TRADE CENTER WEST			NGUYEN, TUAN VAN		
	155 SEAPORT BLVD BOSTON, MA 02110		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3731		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			07/29/2009	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/702,189	DENNIS, WILLIAM G.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		TUAN V. NGUYEN	3731			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 Ma	arch 2000				
•						
<i>′</i> =	, 					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Z	x parte Quayle, 1955 C.D. 11, 45	03 O.G. 213.			
Dispositi	on of Claims					
4)🛛	☑ Claim(s) <u>1,3-14,60 and 62-70</u> is/are pending in the application.					
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
	☐ Claim(s) <u>1,3-14 and 61</u> is/are allowed.					
	Claim(s) <u>62-70</u> is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement				
ا ال	are subject to restriction and/or	cicculon requirement.				
Applicati	ion Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)🛛	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>05 November 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.					
,	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11)	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
- 12)□	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 LLS C & 119(a)	-(d) or (f)			
•	12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:					
۵)	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This Office action is in response to the amendments filed on 23 March 2009.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:
 - A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -
 - (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 62 and 63 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over by Watkin (US 3,797,076).
- 4. Watkin discloses (see Figs. 1 and 2) a spring clip comprising, an upper arm or upper single element 12; a lower arm 14 or lower single element; a spring portion; the occlusion portion and the spring portion each having a wire width that no wider than the wire width in the direction that perpendicular to the occlusion member plane; and a lip or a guide portion 18, includes parallel sides 18a and 18b, extending from the distal upper arm 12 and a lip or a guide portion 20, includes 20a and 20b, extending from the distal lower arm 14 wherein the guide portion is wider than the width of arms 12 and 14 (see col. 3, lines 28-42). Noting that the parallel sides 18a, 18b and 20a, 20b are parallel with each other during the clip in an opening or engaging position (see col. 3, lines 33-35).

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5. As to claim 63, see paragraph 19 below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 8. Claims 64 and 68-70 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Watkin (US 3,797,076)
- 9. Referring to claim 64, Watkin discloses the invention substantially as claimed except for specifically discloses the spring biases the upper and lower single occlusion members to exert a maximum occluding force of about 0.20 pounds.
 Since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine

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skill in the art. In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to design the clip as disclosed by Watkin to have a spring force of about 0.20 pounds of compressive force as claimed by the applicant.

- 10. Referring to claims 68-70, Watkin fails to disclose the material is titanium alloy comprises Ti-6A1-4V ELI. However, titanium alloy such as Ti-6A1-4V ELI is old and well known in the art. Extrinsic evidence, Murley et al (US 4,775,426) discloses surgical titanium alloy such as Ti-6A1-4V ELI (see Background of The Invention). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to further utilize the clip of Watkin into the art of medical device by manufacturing the clip from titanium alloy comprises Ti-6A1-4V ELI because titanium alloy has excellent mechanical properties, biocompatible with human body, and also exhibits radiopacity property.
- 11. Claims 62-70 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Frantzen et al. (U.S. 3,193,732) in view Watkin (US 3,797,076).
- 12. Referring to claims **62** and **63-68**, Frantzen discloses (see Figs. 6A-6C; col. 8, lines 28-40; and col. 14, lines 28-37) an occlusion clip comprising: made from a single wire includes an upper single element 305; a lower single element 310; a occlusion member plane defined by upper and lower single elements; and a spring portion 315 connecting the proximal upper member end to the proximal lower member, the spring portion having a interior spring height dimension in the occlusion member plane being less than twice the wire diameter and a maximum occlusion width dimension perpendicular to the occlusion member plane that is no

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greater than the wire diameter and the spring height dimension increases as a rotational separation between the single element upper occlusion member and the single element lower occlusion member increases. Figure 6B discloses the spring portion 315 defines a width dimension perpendicular to the occlusion member plane that is no greater than the wire height. Frantzen also discloses may be made of any suitable medical grade material including titanium super-elastic metals (see col. 8, lines 35-40). Frantzen discloses the invention substantially as claimed except for a guide portion extending from the distal upper member end and a guide portion extending from the distal lower member end wherein the guide portion is wider than the wire width.

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13. However, Watkin discloses such a feature. Watkin discloses (see Figs. 1 and 2) a spring clip comprising, among other things, a lip or a guide portion 18, includes parallel sides 18a and 18b, extending from the distal upper arm 12 and a lip or a guide portion 20, includes parallel sides 20a and 20b, extending from the distal lower arm 14 wherein the guide portion is wider than the width of arms 12 and 14 (see col. 3, lines 28-42). Noting that the parallel sides 18a, 18b and 20a, 20b are parallel with each other during the clip in an opening or engaging position.

Apparently the design intended of the guide portions is so that the lips enable the clip to claim over any article (see col. 2, lines 29-32). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the lips as disclosed by Watkin into the clip of Frantzen so that it too would have the same advantage.

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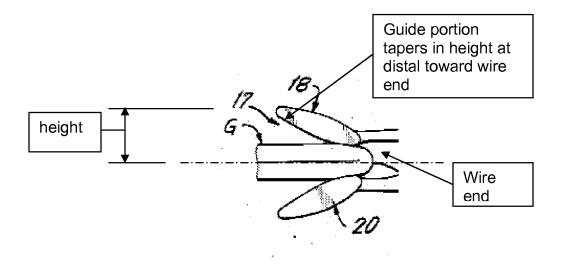
14. Referring to **claim 64**, Frantzen discloses the invention substantially as claimed except for specifically discloses the spring biases the upper and lower single occlusion members to exert a maximum occluding force of about 0.20 pounds. Since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to design the surgical clip as disclosed by Frantzen to have a spring force of about 0.20 pounds of compressive force as claimed by the applicant. Extrinsic evidence, Schmidt et al (U.S. 5,053,045) discloses a surgical clip wherein the clip has a spring force applied to the upper and lower single occlusion members to of about 200 grams or 0.20 pound (col. 8, lines 4-8).

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15. Referring to **claims 69 and 70**, in previous Office Action, mailed out on 2/25/08, Examiner takes official notice in making a rejection of claims 69 and 70. Nowhere in the applicant arguments in an appeal brief filed on 12/8/08 indicates that applicant traverses the examiner's assertion of official notice. Therefore, the statement is taken to be admitted prior art because applicant failed to traverse the examiner's assertion of official notice.

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Allowable Subject Matter

16. Claim 1, 3-14, and 60 allowed.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to TUAN V. NGUYEN whose telephone number is (571)272-5962. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F: 9:00 AM - 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anhtuan Nguyen can be reached on 571-272-4963. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/T. V. N./ Examiner, Art Unit 3731

/Anhtuan T. Nguyen/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3731 7/28/09